

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

# **TAN CAR**

Creation date 10th August 2000

Revision date 12th May 2021 Version 2.0

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

1.2.

TAN CAR

Substance / mixture

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Mixture's intended use

Product designed for cleaning heavy goods, delivery and passenger cars, engines and other highly contaminated elements, resistant to alkaline products.

### Mixture uses advised against

not available

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Manufacturer

Name or trade name TENZI Sp. z o.o.

Address Skarbimierzyce 20, Dołuje, 72-002

Poland

 VAT Reg No
 PL8512583405

 Phone
 +48 91 3119777

 E-mail
 info@tenzi.pl

 Web address
 www.tenzi.pl

### Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet

Name technolog@tenzi.pl

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency number: 112

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification of the mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The mixture is classified as dangerous.

Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.

#### Most serious adverse effects on human health and the environment

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

## 2.2. Label elements

### **Hazard pictogram**



Signal word

Danger

## **Hazardous substances**

sodium metasilicate sodium hydroxide

## **Hazard statements**

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

### **Precautionary statements**

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.



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P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P405 Store locked up.

#### Supplemental information

5-<15 % non-ionic surfactants, <5 % phosphonates, <5 % anionic surfactants, <5 % amphoteric surfactants

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605. Mixture does not contain any substance meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2. Mixtures

### **Chemical characterization**

Mixture of substances and additives specified below.

 ${\bf Mixture\ contains\ these\ hazardous\ substances\ and\ substances\ with\ the\ highest\ permissible\ concentration\ in\ the\ working\ environment}$ 

Identification numbers	Substance name	Content in % weight	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Note
CAS: 160901-19-9 EC: 931-954-4 Registration number: polimer	Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated	<6	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Specific concentration limit: Eye Dam. 1, H318: C > 10 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 1 % < C ≤ 10 %	
EC: 931-513-6 Registration number: 01-2119513359-38- XXXX	1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N- (carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18 (even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	<4	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Specific concentration limit: Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C > 10 \%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $4 \% < C \le 10 \%$	
Index: 014-010-00-8 CAS: 10213-79-3 EC: 229-912-9 Registration number: 01-2119449811-37- XXXX	sodium metasilicate	<3	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 STOT SE 3, H335	
CAS: 6419-19-8 EC: 229-146-5 Registration number: 01-2119487988-08- xxxx	Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid	<1,8	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
Index: 011-002-00-6 CAS: 1310-73-2 EC: 215-185-5 Registration number: 01-2119457892-27- XXXX	sodium hydroxide	<1,5	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Specific concentration limit: Skin Corr. 1B, H314: $2\% \le C < 5\%$ Skin Corr. 1A, H314: $C \ge 5\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0,5\% \le C < 2\%$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315: $0,5\% \le C < 2\%$	

Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.



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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Take care of your own safety. If any health problems are manifested or if in doubt, inform a doctor and show him information from this safety data sheet.

#### If inhaled

Take care of your own safety, do not let the affected person walk! Terminate the exposure immediately; move the affected person to fresh air. Beware of the contaminated clothes. Depending on the situation, call the medical rescue service and ensure medical treatment considering the frequent need of further observation for at least 24 hours.

#### If on skin

Remove contaminated clothes. Take off any rings, watches, bracelets before or during washing if worn in the contaminated areas of the skin. Depending on the situation, call the medical rescue service and always ensure medical treatment. Rinse contaminated areas with a flow of water, lukewarm at best, for 10-30 minutes; do not use any brush, soap or neutralizers. Rinse skin with water or shower. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

## If in eyes

Rinse eyes immediately with a flow of running water, open the eyelids (also using force if needed); remove contact lenses immediately if worn by the affected person. No neutralization should be performed in any case! Rinsing should be continued for 10-30 minutes from the inner to the outer eye corner to make sure that the other eye is not involved. Depending on the situation, call medical rescue service or ensure medical treatment as promptly as possible. Everyone must be referred for treatment even if affected only a little.

#### If swallowed

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Danger of esophageal and gastric perforation! Even the inducted vomiting can cause complications as in case of detergents and other foaming substances.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### If inhaled

Inhaling vapours can cause corrosion of the breathing system.

#### If on skin

Causes severe skin burns.

### If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage.

## If swallowed

Corrosion of the digestion system can occur.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water spray jet, water mist.

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water - full jet.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of fire, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases may arise. Inhalation of hazardous degradation (pyrolysis) products may cause serious health damage.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) with a chemical protection suit only where personal (close) contact is likely. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus and full-body protective clothing. Do not allow run-off of contaminated fire extinguishing material to enter drains or surface and ground water.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment for work. Follow the instructions in the Sections 7 and 8. Do not inhale aerosols. Prevent contact with skin and eyes.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent contamination of the soil and entering surface or ground water.



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#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled product should be covered with suitable (non-flammable) absorbing material (sand, diatomaceous earth, earth and other suitable absorption materials); to be contained in well closed containers and removed as per the Section 13. In the event of leakage of the substantial amount of the product, inform fire brigade and other competent bodies. After removal of the product, wash the contaminated site with plenty of water. Do not use solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See the Section 7, 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Prevent formation of gases and vapours in concentrations exceeding the occupational exposure limits. Do not inhale aerosols. Prevent contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands and exposed parts of the body thoroughly after handling. Use personal protective equipment as per Section 8. Observe valid legal regulations on safety and health protection.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a tightly closed, original plastic container (high density polyethylene HDPE). Store this product in a dry environment that will be maintained at 5°C - 35°C temperature with a good ventilation system and an easy washable, nonabsorbable alkaline resistant floor. DO NOT expose the product to sunlight and keep away from heat, frost, sparks, flame and source of ignition.

Storage temperature

min 5 °C, max 35 °C

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

not available

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

The mixture contains substances for which occupational exposure limits are set.



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### DNEL

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18(even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

mici suits					
Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method	
Workers	Dermal	12.5 mg/kg bw/day			
Workers	Inhalation	44 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /8h			
Consumers	Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day			
Consumers	Oral	7.5 mg/kg bw/day			

# Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method
Workers	Inhalation	19.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Local chronic effects	
Workers	Inhalation	19.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Workers	Dermal	4.8 mg/kg bw/day	Local chronic effects	
Workers	Dermal	4.8 mg/kg bw/day		

# sodium hydroxide

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method
Workers	Inhalation	1.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Local chronic effects	
Consumers	Inhalation	1.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Local chronic effects	

# sodium metasilicate

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method
Workers	Inhalation	6.22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects	
Consumers	Inhalation	1.55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects	
Consumers	Oral	0.74 mg/kg/24hour	Systemic chronic effects	
Workers	Dermal	1.49 mg/kg/24hour	Systemic chronic effects	
Consumers	Dermal	0.74 mg/kg/24hour	Systemic chronic effects	

# PNEC

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18(even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method
Drinking water	0.0135 mg/l	
Seawater	0.00135 mg/l	
Sea sediments	1 mg/kg	
Soil (agricultural)	0.805 mg/kg	

# Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method
Drinking water	0.46 mg/l	
Seawater	0.046 mg/l	
Freshwater sediment	150 mg/kg of dry substance	
Sea sediments	15 mg/kg of dry substance	
Soil (agricultural)	244 mg/kg of dry substance	



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#### Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method
Microorganisms in wastewater treatment plants	20 mg/l	

#### sodium metasilicate

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method
Drinking water	7.5 mg/l	
Seawater	1 mg/l	
Water (intermittent release)	7.5 mg/l	
Microorganisms in wastewater treatment plants	1000 mg/l	

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Follow the usual measures intended for health protection at work and especially for good ventilation. This can be achieved only by local suction or efficient general ventilation. Do not eat, drink and smoke during work. Wash your hands thoroughly with water and soap after work and before breaks for a meal and rest.

#### Eye/face protection

Protective goggles or face shield (based on the nature of the work performed).

#### Skin protection

Hand protection: Protective gloves resistant to the product. When choosing appropriate thickness, material and permeability of the gloves, observe recommendations of their particular manufacturer. Observe other recommendations of the manufacturer. Other protection: protective workwear. Contaminated skin should be washed thoroughly.

#### Respiratory protection

Use a mask with filter when the exposition limits of the substances are exceeded or at the place with insufficient ventilation.

# Thermal hazard

Data not available.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

Observe usual measures for protection of the environment, see Section 6.2.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid
Color colourless

Odour Characteristic for the materials used

Melting point/freezing point data not available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range data not available
Flammability data not available
Lower and upper explosion limit data not available
Flash point data not available
Auto-ignition temperature data not available

Decomposition temperature data not available pH data not available 14 (undiluted at 20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity data not available

Solubility in water soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) data not available Vapour pressure data not available

Density and/or relative density

Density data not available Relative density 1,047 (+-) 0,020

## 9.2. Other information

not available



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#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

not available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Unknown.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable and no degradation occurs under normal use. Protect against flames, sparks, overheating and against frost.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Protect against strong acids, bases and oxidizing agents.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not developed under normal uses. Dangerous outcomes such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide are formed at high temperature and in fire.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

No toxicological data is available for the mixture.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18(even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex	Determining method	Source
Skin	LD50	>620 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M	Based on evidence	karta charakter ystyki
Oral	LD50	2430 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M	Based on evidence	karta charakter ystyki

# Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex	Determining method	Source
Oral	LD50	>300-2000 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)			karta charakter ystyki
Skin	LD50	>2000 mg/kg		Rabbit	F/M		karta charakter ystyki

## Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex	Determining method	Source
Oral	LD50	2910 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)			karta charakter ystyki
Dermal	LD50	6310 mg/kg		Rabbit			karta charakter ystyki

## sodium hydroxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex	Determining method	Source
Intraperitoneally	LD50	40 mg/kg		Mouse			SDS
Oral	LDL0	500 mg/kg		Rabbit			SDS



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sodium hydroxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex	Determining method	Source
Oral	TDLo	44 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)			SDS

#### sodium metasilicate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex	Determining method	Source
Oral	LD50	1152-1349 mg/kg		Rat			
Inhalation (vapor)	LC50	>2.06 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Rat			
Skin	LD50	>5000 mg/kg		Rat			

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns

 $1\hbox{-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18 (even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts$ 

Route of exposure	Result	Time of exposure	Species	Determining method	Source
	Not irritating			Based on evidence	karta charakterys tyki

Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Route of exposure	Result	Time of exposure	Species	Determining method	Source
Skin	Not irritating		Rabbit		karta charakterys tyki

Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Route of exposure	Result	Time of exposure	Species	Determining method	Source
	Slightly irritating				karta charakterys tyki

# sodium metasilicate

Route of exposure	Result	Time of exposure	Species	Determining method	Source
	Corrosive				

# Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

 $1\hbox{-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18 (even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts$ 

Route of exposure	Result	Time of exposure	Species	Determining method	Source
	Serious eye damage			Based on evidence	karta charakterys tyki



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# Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Route of exposure	Result	Time of exposure	Species	Determining method	Source
Eye	Serious eye damage		Rabbit		karta charakterys tyki

### Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Route of exposure	Result	Time of exposure	Species	Determining method	Source
	Irritating				karta charakterys tyki

# sodium metasilicate

Route of exposure	Result	Time of exposure	Species	Determining method	Source
	Serious eye damage				

### Sensitization

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18(even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Time of exposure	Species	Sex	Determining method	Source
Skin	No effect	OECD 406		Guinea-pig (Cavia aperea f. porcellus)		Based on evidence	karta charakter ystyki

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Route of exposure	Result	Time of exposure	Species	Sex	Source
Skin	No effect		Guinea-pig (Cavia aperea f. porcellus)	F/M	karta charakterysty ki

## sodium metasilicate

Route of exposure	Result	Time of exposure	Species	Sex	Source
Not sensitizing					

# Mutagenicity

 $1\hbox{-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18 (even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts$ 

Result	Method	Time of exposure	Specific target organ	Species	Sex	Determinin g method	Source		
Negative	OECD 471					Based on evidence	karta charakt erystyki		
Negative	OECD 476					Based on evidence	karta charakt erystyki		



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1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18(even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

Result	Method	Time of exposure	Specific target organ	Species	Sex	Determinin g method	Source
Negative	OECD 474					Based on evidence	karta charakt erystyki

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Result	Method	Time of exposure	Specific target organ	Species	Sex	Source
No effect	in vivo				F/M	karta charakter ystyki

### Carcinogenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Result	Species	Sex	Source
			Not carcinogenic			karta charakteryst yki

# Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Effect	Parameter	Method	Value	Result	Species	Sex	Source
		in vitro		No effect		F/M	karta charaktery styki
Effects on fertility				No effect		F/M	karta charaktery styki

## Toxicity for specific target organ - single exposure

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Result	Species	Sex	Source
			No effect			karta charakteryst yki

# sodium metasilicate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Result	Species	Sex	Source
			Irritating			



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## Toxicity for specific target organ - repeated exposure

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Specific target organ	Result	Species	Sex	Source
Oral	NOAEL	50 mg/kg	2 year	Heart	Reduced body weight	Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M	karta charakter ystyki

# **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

not available

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

### **Acute toxicity**

Data for the mixture are not available.

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18(even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environm ent	Determining method	Source
EC50	OECD 202	1.9 mg/l	48 hour	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)		Based on evidence	karta charakte rystyki
ErC50		2.4 mg/kg	72 hour	Algae and other aquatic plants		Indicator of growth	karta charakte rystyki
ErC50		7 mg/l	72 hour	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)		Indicator of growth	karta charakte rystyki
LC50	OECD 203	1.11 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Oncorhynchus mykiss)			karta charakte rystyki

# Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environm ent	Determining method	Source
LC50	OECD 203	>1-10 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Poecilia reticulata)		Literary studies	karta charakte rystyki
EC50	OECD 202	>1-10 mg/l	48 hour	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)		Literary studies	karta charakte rystyki
EC <sub>50</sub>	OECD 201	>1-10 mg/l	72 hour	Algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)		Literary studies, Observation method, Indicator of growth	karta charakte rystyki
NOEC	OECD 201	>1-10 mg/l	72 hour	Algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)		Literary studies, Indicator of growth	karta charakte rystyki



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# Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environm ent	Determining method	Source
EC50		140 mg/l		Bacteria (Salmonella typhimurium)	Activated sludge	Literary studies	karta charakte rystyki
NOEC	OECD 208	220 mg/l				Literary studies, Reproduction	karta charakte rystyki
NOEC	OECD 208	10 mg/kg		Higher plants		Literary studies, Indicator of growth	karta charakte rystyki

Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environm ent	Determining method	Source
EC50		297 mg/l	48 hour	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)			karta charakte rystyki
NOEC		≥25 mg/l	28 day	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)			karta charakte rystyki
LC50	OECD 203	8132 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes		R	karta charakte rystyki
LC50	OECD 203	1212 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes			karta charakte rystyki
LC50		160 mg/l	96 hour	Oncorhynchus mykiss			karta charakte rystyki
LC50		23 mg/l	60 day	Oncorhynchus mykiss			karta charakte rystyki
EC50		94 mg/l	48 hour				karta charakte rystyki
NOEC		95 mg/l	96 hour				karta charakte rystyki

## sodium hydroxide

Journal Hydr							
Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environm ent	Determining method	Source
EC50		40.4 mg/l	48 hour	Aquatic invertebrates (Ceriodaphnia dubia)			SDS
EC50		22 mg/l	15 min	Microorganisms (Photobacteriu m phosphoreum)			SDS

# sodium metasilicate

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environm ent	Determining method	Source
LC50		210 mg/l	96 hour	Branchydanio rerio			
EC50		1700 mg/l	48 hour	Daphnia magna			



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### sodium metasilicate

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environm ent	Determining method	Source
EC50		207 mg/l	72 hour	Scenedesmus subspicatus			

# **Chronic toxicity**

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18(even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environm ent	Determining method	Source
EC50		3000 mg/l	16 hour	Bacteria (Salmonella typhimurium)		Based on evidence	karta charakte rystyki
NOEC	OECD 211	0.3 mg/l	21 day	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)		Based on evidence	karta charakte rystyki
NOEC	OECD 210	0.135 mg/l	100 day	Fishes (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		Based on evidence	karta charakte rystyki
NOECr		0.6 mg/l	72 hour	Algae and other aquatic plants		Based on evidence	karta charakte rystyki

Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Automotor CIL 15/ Curiox/luccu										
Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environm ent	Determining method	Source			
EC10		>0.1-1 mg/l		Fishes (Pimephales promelas)		Literary studies	karta charakte rystki			
EC10	OECD 211	>0.1-1 mg/l		Daphnia (Daphnia magna)		Literary studies	karta charakte rystyki			

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

# **Biodegradability**

 $1\hbox{-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18 (even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides, inner salts$ 

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Environmen t	Determining method	Result	Source
		95 %	28 day		Based on evidence	Easily biodegradable	karta charakte rystyki
		80-90 %	60 day		Based on evidence	Easily biodegradable	karta charakte rystyki
	OECD 306	75 %	28 day		Based on evidence	Easily biodegradable	karta charakte rystyki

Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Environmen t	Determining method	Result	Source
	OECD 301B	>60 %	28 day		Literary studies	Easily biodegradable	karta charakte rystyki



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

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### Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Environmen t	Determining method	Result	Source
	OECD 311	>60 %	69 day			Biodegradable	karta charakte rystyki

#### Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Environmen t	Determining method	Result	Source
	OECD 301D	22-23 %	28 day			Hardly biodegradable	karta charakte rystyki
EC <sub>0</sub>		200 mg/l	30 min				karta charakte rystyki

Surfactants are biodegradable according to the European Parliament and Council Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents, as amended.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Data not available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

### Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Parameter	Value	Environment	Surrounding temperature	Determining method	Source
Koc	>5000			Literary studies	karta charakterystyki

Data not available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not contain any substance meeting the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with the Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

not available

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Data not available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Hazard of environmental contamination; dispose of the waste in accordance with the local and/or national regulations. Proceed in accordance with valid regulations on waste disposal. Any unused product and contaminated packaging should be put in labelled containers for waste collection and submitted for disposal to a person authorised for waste removal (a specialized company) that is entitled for such activity. Do not empty unused product in drainage systems. The product must not be disposed of with municipal waste. Empty containers may be used at waste incinerators to produce energy or deposited in a dump with appropriate classification. Perfectly cleaned containers can be submitted for recycling.

#### Waste management legislation

Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste, as amended.

#### Waste type code

07 06 04 other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors \*

## Packaging waste type code

15 01 02 plastic packaging

(\*) - Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC on hazardous waste



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

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#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1719

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide)

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Corrosive substances

### 14.4. Packing group

III - substances presenting low danger

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Reference in the Sections 4 to 8.

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not available

### **Additional information**

Hazard identification No.

UN number Safety signs





# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18th December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing the European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No. 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, as amended. Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16th December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended. REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 31 March 2004 on detergents, as ammended.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For mixture:

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

For following mixture substances:

Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C12-18(even numbered) acyl) derivs., hydroxides,

inner salts: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out. Sodium silicate: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid: Registered introductory with transitional period.

Sodium hydroxide: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

# A list of standard risk phrases used in the safety data sheet

H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns an

and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

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H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Guidelines for safe handling used in the safety data sheet

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P405 Store locked up.

#### Other important information about human health protection

The product must not be - unless specifically approved by the manufacturer/importer - used for purposes other than as per the Section 1. The user is responsible for adherence to all related health protection regulations.

### Key to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

**ADR** European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

**BCF** Bioconcentration Factor CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substance and

mixtures

**DNEL** Derived no-effect level

Identification code for each substance listed in EINECS FC

EC<sub>50</sub> Concentration of a substance when it is affected 50% of the population **EINECS** European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

**EmS** Emergency plan EU European Union

European Product Categorisation System **EuPCS** TATA International Air Transport Association

**IBC** International Code For The Construction And Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

IC50 Concentration causing 50% blockade **ICAO** International Civil Aviation Organization **IMDG** International Maritime Dangerous Goods

INCI International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients ISO International Organization for Standardization **IUPAC** International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry

LC50 Lethal concentration of a substance in which it can be expected death of 50% of the

population

LD50 Lethal dose of a substance in which it can be expected death of 50% of the population

LOAEC Lowest observed adverse effect concentration

LOAEL Lowest observed adverse effect level Octanol-water partition coefficient log Kow

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships

NOAEC No observed adverse effect concentration

NOAEL No observed adverse effect level NOEC No observed effect concentration NOEL No observed effect level

OEL Occupational Exposure Limits PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic Predicted no-effect concentration

Parts per million ppm

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals **REACH** 

RID Agreement on the transport of dangerous goods by rail

UN Four-figure identification number of the substance or article taken from the UN Model

Regulations

**UVCB** Substances of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or biological

materials

**PNFC** 



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

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VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Chronic Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Eye Dam. Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. Eye irritation

Met. Corr. Corrosive to metals

Skin Corr. Skin corrosion

Skin Irrit. Skin irritation

STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

## **Training guidelines**

Inform the personnel about the recommended ways of use, mandatory protective equipment, first aid and prohibited ways of handling the product.

#### Recommended restrictions of use

not available

## Information about data sources used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

REGULATION (EC) No. 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL (REACH) as amended. REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. Data from the manufacturer of the substance / mixture, if available - information from registration dossiers.

### The changes (which information has been added, deleted or modified)

General update

#### More information

Classification procedure - calculation method.

#### Statement

The safety data sheet provides information aimed at ensuring safety and health protection at work and environmental protection. The provided information corresponds to the current status of knowledge and experience and complies with valid legal regulations. The information should not be understood as guaranteeing the suitability and usability of the product for a particular application.